

甲组：选择题 (75%)

Section A: Multiple Choice Questions (75%)

每题附有 A, B, C 和 D 四个选项，只须选一个答案。

Each question is followed by four options A, B, C and D. Choose only one answer.

1 $12.8 - 1.4 \times 0.2 =$

- A 22.8 B 12.52 C 10.00 D 2.28

2 $\frac{1}{3} \div 3 + \frac{1}{3} =$

- A $\frac{4}{9}$ B $\frac{1}{10}$ C $\frac{2}{3}$ D $1\frac{1}{3}$

3 $5\frac{2}{5}$ kg + = 7 kg 60 g

- A 1.66 kg B 1.86 kg C 2.02 kg D 2.46 kg

4 125 小时的 $\frac{1}{4}$ 是_____。

$\frac{1}{4}$ of 125 hours is _____.

- | | |
|--|--|
| A 1 天 7 小时 6 分钟
1 day 7 hours 6 minutes | B 1 天 7 小时 15 分钟
1 day 7 hours 15 minutes |
| C 1 天 7 小时 25 分钟
1 day 7 hours 25 minutes | D 31 小时 25 分钟
31 hours 25 minutes |

5 图 1 是由数个同样大小的等边三角形所组成的。计算涂黑部分的周长。

Diagram 1 consists of several equilateral triangles of equal size. Calculate the perimeter of the shaded region of the whole diagram.

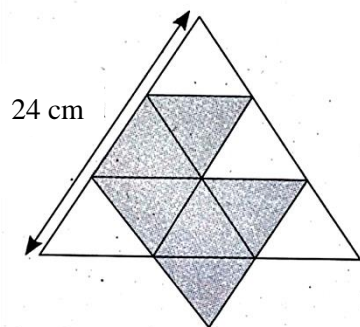


图 1 / Diagram 1

- A 48 cm B 49 cm C 56 cm D 64 cm

6 下列哪个千位的近似值是正确的?

Which of the following is correctly rounded off to the nearest thousand?

- A 89 653 → 89 000 B 47 998 → 50 000
 C 79 204 → 79 000 D 28 895 → 28 900

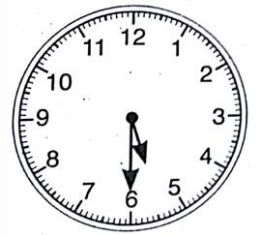
7 以下哪项的和数最接近 2?

Which of the following has a total the nearest to 2?

- A $2 + \frac{1}{2}$ B $2 - \frac{1}{4}$ C $1\frac{2}{5} + \frac{9}{10}$ D $2\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{8}$

8 图 2 显示丽莎每个下午结束游泳课的时间。如果她的游泳课费时 1 小时 20 分钟，以 24 小时计时法找该游泳课开始的时间。

Diagram 2 shows the time Lisa ends her swimming course every evening. If her swimming course takes 1 hour 20 minutes, find the time in the 24-hour system that the swimming course starts.



- A 1510 时/ hour
 B 1550 时/ hour
 C 1610 时/ hour
 D 1650 时/ hour

图 2
Diagram 2

9 图 3 显示一组排成系列的数目。X 值与 Y 值的差是_____。

Diagram 3 shows numbers arranged in a sequence. The difference in the value of X and the value of Y is_____.

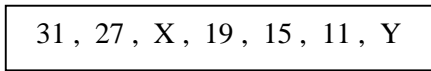


图 3 / Diagram 3

- A 19 B 18 C 17 D 16

10 图 4 显示拥有相同体积的长方体与正方体。计算正方体的每个边长。

Diagram 4 shows a cuboid and a cube of the same volume. Calculate the length of each side of the cube.

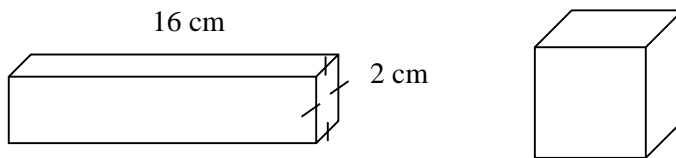


图 4 / Diagram 4

- A 3 B 4 C 6 D 8

- 11 图 5 显示一个空水桶和一个能盛 250 ml 水的玻璃杯。

Diagram 5 shows an empty pail and a glass which can fill 250 ml of water.

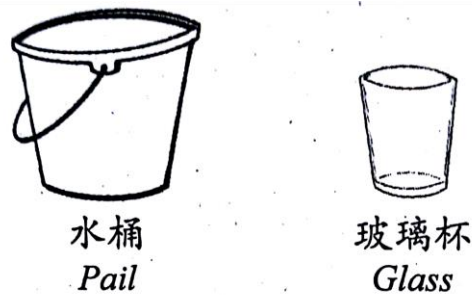


图 5 / Diagram 5

多拉要用玻璃杯盛 $4\frac{1}{2}l$ 的水入水桶里。他需要多少杯的水?

Dora wants to fill the pail with $4\frac{1}{2}l$ of water using the glass. How many glass of water does he need?

- A 10 B 12 C 16 D 18
- 12 以 g 为单位, 计算图 6 的 P 袋子与 Q 袋子的平均质量。

Calculate the average mass, in g, of the bag P and bag Q in Diagram 6.

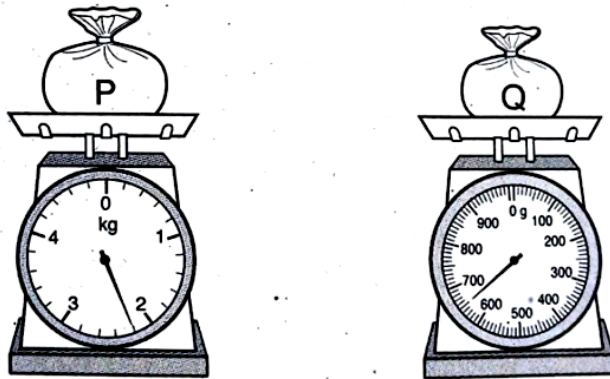


图 6 / Diagram 6

- A 1375 B 1400 C 1425 D 1450
- 13 一个篮子装有 105 个芒果。阿兹米拿了其中的 20%，巴拉拿了剩余的 50%。篮子里还剩下多少个芒果?
- A basket contains 105 mangoes. Azmi takes 20% of the mangoes. Bala takes 50% of the remaining mangoes. What is the number of mangoes left in the basket?
- A 37 B 42 C 45 D 63

14 图 7 是一张不完整的单据，单据上的资料是有关丽娜所购买的物品。

Diagram 7 is an incomplete bill showing information about items bought by Lina.

数量/Quantity	物品/Item	单价/Price per unit	银额/Amount
3 瓶/ 3 bottles	蜂蜜 / Honey		RM31.50
2 罐/ 2 tins	咖啡粉/ Coffee powder	RM 12.90	
4 包/ 4 packets	饼干/ Biscuit	RM4.80	
总计/Total			

图 7 / Diagram 7

如果丽娜以 RM100 来结账，她会剩下多少钱？

How much is the balance if she pay the bill with RM100?

- A RM 23.50 B RM 24.50 C RM 27.20 D RM 28.20

15 图 8 显示 PQRS 长方形及 PSTU 正方形。

Diagram 8 shows a rectangle PQRS and a square PSTU.

以 cm^2 为单位，计算涂黑部分的面积。

Calculate the area, in cm^2 , of the shaded region.

- A 115 B 117 C 151 D 171

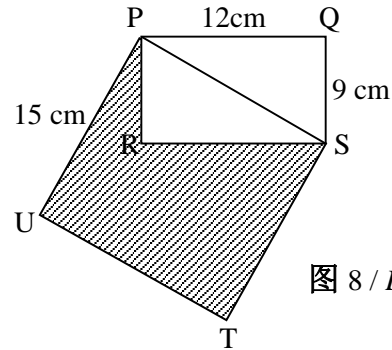
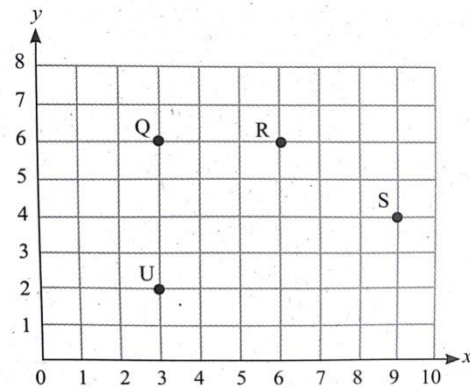


图 8 / Diagram 8

16 图 9 显示 Q、R、S 及 U 的位置。

Which of the following coordinates of the points Q, R, S and U is incorrect?

图 9 / Diagram 9



以下哪项座标有误？

Which of the following coordinates of the points is incorrect?

- A R (6, 6) B S (9, 4) C Q (6, 3) D U (3, 2)

17 图 10 显示三个水果的质量。

Diagram 10 shows the mass of three fruits.

水果 <i>Fruit</i>	质量 <i>Mass</i>
芒果 <i>Mango</i>	0.45kg
杨桃 <i>Starfruit</i>	280g
凤梨 <i>Pineapple</i>	1.52kg

图 10 /Diagram 10

一个南瓜的质量是三个水果的总质量的 $\frac{3}{5}$ 。以 kg 为单位，南瓜的质量是多少？

The mass of the pumpkin is $\frac{3}{5}$ of the total mass of the three fruits. What is the mass, in kg, of the pumpkin?

- A 1.35 B 1.5 C 1.55 D 1.75

18 图 11 显示一个综合图形，它是由一个三角形和一个长方形所组成的。

Diagram 11 shows the combination of a triangle and a rectangle.

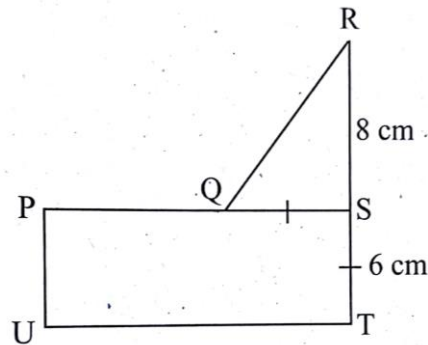


图 11 /Diagram 11

长方形的面积是三角形的面积的 4 倍。以 cm 为单位，PQ 的长度是多少？

The area of the rectangle is 4 times the area of the triangle. What is the length of PQ, in cm?

- A 8 B 10 C 12 D 16

19 图 12 显示丽莎的储蓄。

Diagram 12 shows Alissa's savings.




	6张 6 notes
	2张 2 notes
	8个 8 coins

图 12 / Diagram 12

计算丽莎的储蓄的总和。

Calculate the total amount of Alissa's savings.

- A RM 55.20 B RM 56.00 C RM 311.60 D RM 326.00

20 图 13 的饼分图显示一组 40 个学生所喜爱的运动项目。

Diagram 13 is a pie chart which shows the favourite sports of a group of 40 pupils.

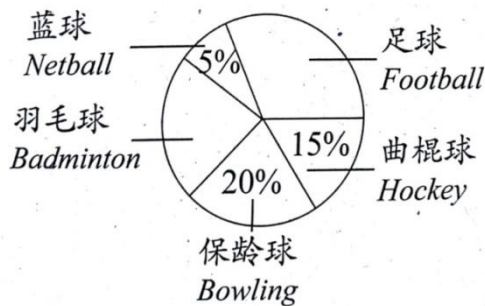


图 13 / Diagram 13

喜爱保龄球和羽毛球的学生人数相等。计算喜爱足球的学生人数。

The number of pupils who like bowling and badminton is the same. Calculate the number of pupil who like football.

- A 4 B 8 C 16 D 20

独中初一

赶快来体验吧!








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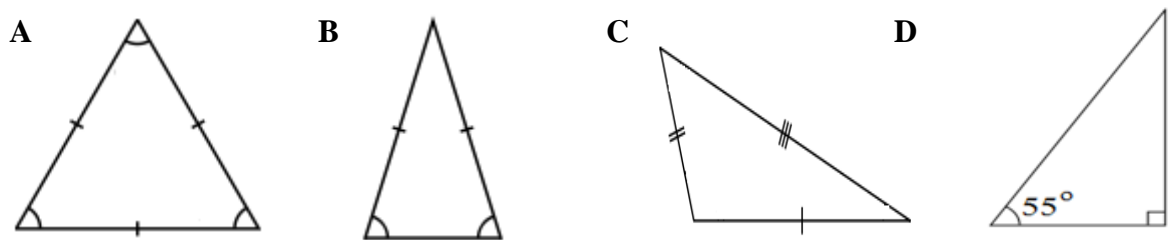
- 21 一辆汽车行驶 550 km 的路程消耗 50 l 的汽油。以 km 为单位，这辆汽车用 75 l 的汽油可行驶多远？

A car needs 50 l of petrol to travel 550 km. How far, in km, can the car travel with 75 l of petrol?

- A 825 B 975 C 1050 D 1125

- 22 以下哪一个是等腰三角形？

Which of the following shows an isosceles triangle?



- 23 图 14 的条形图显示六年级四班的学生数量。六丁班的学生数量没有显示出来。

Diagram 14 shows the bar chart of the number of pupils in four Primary Six classes. The number of students in class 6D is not shown.

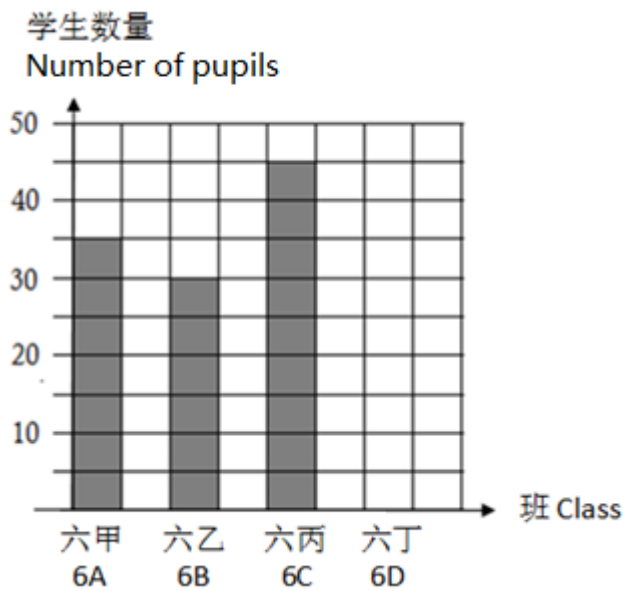


图 14 / Diagram 14

六丁班的学生数量比六乙班多 15 人。计算这 4 班的学生总数量。

The number of pupils in class 6D is 15 more than the number of students in 6B. Calculate the total number of students in all the four classes.

- A 45 B 95 C 125 D 155









- 24 一个杯子可盛 150 ml 的果汁，饮料摊小贩每天可卖出 17.25 l 果汁。该小贩在七天内可卖出多少杯果汁？

A glass can hold 150 ml of juices. A hawker can sell 17.25 l of juice in a day. How many glasses of juice the hawker is able to sell in 7 days?

- A** 85 **B** 105 **C** 805 **D** 1015

- 25 图 15 的象形统计图显示六甲班学生每天的储蓄。

Diagram 15 is a pictograph which shows the daily saving of all the pupils of class 6A.

RM 1	   
RM 2	 
RM 3	
RM 5	


 代表 5 个学生
represents 5 pupils

图 15 / *Diagram 15*

计算储蓄的平均数与众数的差。

Calculate the difference between the average and the mode.

- A** RM 1 **B** RM 2 **C** RM 3 **D** RM 5

乙组：简答题(25%)

Section B: Subjective Questions (25%)

- 全部 5 题必须作答。 *Answer all the FIVE questions.*
- 答案写在试题中指定的地方。 *Write your answers in the spaces provided.*
- 写出计算的步骤,这可帮助你获取分数。 *Show your working, it may help you to get marks.*
- 每个试题的分数都显示在括号内。 *The marks allocated for each question are shown in brackets.*

1 图 1 显示一盒即溶脱脂牛奶粉的质量。
Diagram 1 shows the mass of a tin of instant skim milk powder.



图 1/ *Diagram 1*

(a) 以 g 为单位, 计算图 1 即溶脱脂牛奶粉的质量。 [2 分]

Calculate, in g, the mass of the box of instant skim milk powder in Diagram 1. [2 marks]

答案(Answer): _____

(b) 即溶脱脂牛奶粉的空盒子的质量是 50g。盒里的全部即溶脱脂牛奶粉被平均装入 8 个袋子里。
以 g 为单位, 计算 3 袋即溶脱脂牛奶粉的质量。 [3 分]

The mass of an empty box of instant skim milk powder is 50 g. All the instant skim milk powder in the box is packed equally into 8 packets. Calculate the mass, in g, of 3 packets of the instant skim milk powder. [3 marks]

答案(Answer): _____

2 图 2 显示一条数线。

Diagram 2 shows a number line.

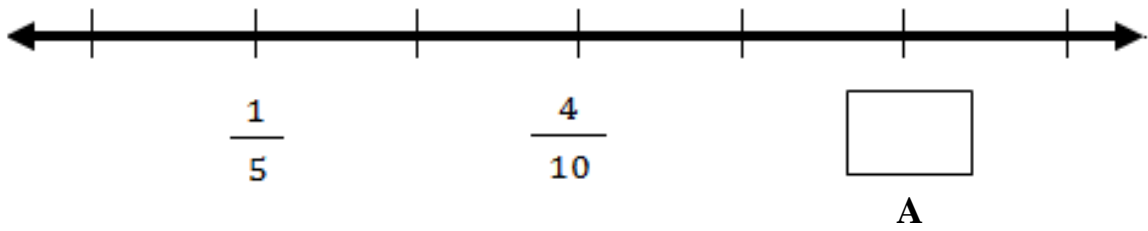


图 2 / Diagram 2

(a) 写出格子 A 里的最简分数。

[2 分]

Write the fraction in box A in its simplest form.

[2 marks]

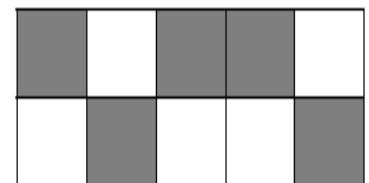
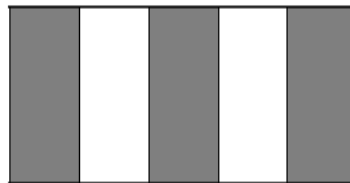
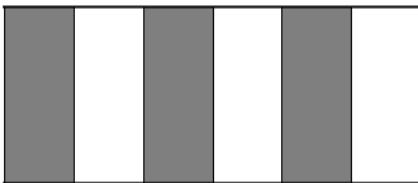
答案(Answer): _____

(b) 把代表格子 A 里的分数的画钩 (✓)。

[1 分]

Tick (✓) the diagram which represents the fraction in box A.

[1 mark]



(c) 将格子 A 里的分数化为小数。

[2 分]

Change the fraction in box A into decimal.

[2 marks]

答案(Answer): _____

3 图 3 显示一个长方体的水缸。

Diagram 3 shows a rectangular water tank.

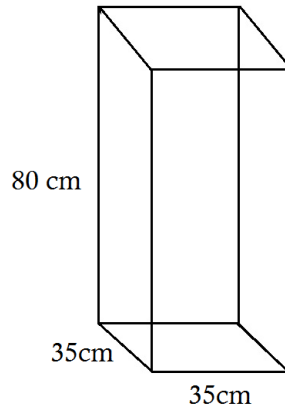


图 3 / Diagram 3

(a) 以 cm^3 为单位，计算水缸的容量。

[2 分]

Calculate the volume, in cm^3 , of the water tank.

[2 marks]

答案(Answer): _____

(b) 巴哈先生往水缸里倒入 49 l 的水。以 cm 为单位，计算水位的高度。

[3 分]

Mr. Baha pours 49 l of water into the water tank. Find the height, in cm , of the water level.

[$1 \text{ cm}^3 = 1 \text{ ml}$]

[3 marks]

答案(Answer): _____

4 图 4 显示某个晚上李先生从山打根抵达吉隆坡的时刻。

Diagram 4 shows the time Mr. Lee arrived in Kuala Lumpur from Sandakan one night.

(a) 以 24 小时计时法写出上述的时刻。

[1 分]

Write down the time in the 24-hour system.

[1 mark]



答案(Answer): _____

图 4 / Diagram 4

(b) 李先生的行程费时 $2\frac{3}{4}$ 小时。下列哪个钟面显示李先生从山打根出发的时刻?

在下面的空格里画钩 (✓)。写出计算步骤。

[2 分]

Mr. Lee's journey took $2\frac{3}{4}$ hours. Which clock face shows the time Mr. Lee departs from Sandakan?

Tick (✓) in the correct box shown below. Show your working.

[2 marks]



(c) 抵达吉隆坡后，李先生乘坐德士去公司。行程费时一小时十三分钟。计算李先生抵达公司门口的时间。

[2 分]

Mr. Lee takes 1 hour and 13 minutes to reach his company by taxi. Calculate the time that Mr. Lee reaches his company.

[2 marks]

答案(Answer): _____

5 图 5 显示一张长方形 PQRS 的卡片，等腰三角形 WUV 是被剪去的部分。

Diagram 5 shows a rectangular card PQRS. Isosceles triangle WUV is the part that is being cut off.

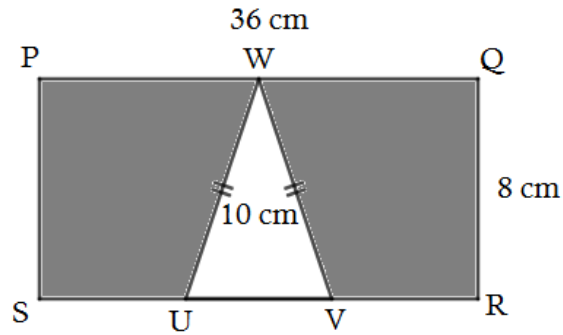


图 5 / Diagram 5

(a) UV 是 SR 的 $\frac{1}{3}$ 。以 cm 为单位，计算等腰三角形 WUV 的周长。 [2 分]

UV is $\frac{1}{3}$ of SR. Calculate the perimeter, in cm, of isosceles triangle WUV. [2 marks]

答案(Answer): _____

(b) 以 cm^2 为单位，计算剩余的卡片的面积。 [3 分]

Calculate the area of the remaining part of the card, in cm^2 . [3 marks]



答案(Answer): _____

ANSWER 答案

Section A 甲组

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. B | 2. A | 3. A | 4. B | 5. D |
| 6. C | 7. D | 8. C | 9. D | 10. B |
| 11. D | 12. C | 13. B | 14. A | 15. D |
| 16. C | 17. A | 18. B | 19. C | 20. C |
| 21. A | 22. B | 23. D | 24. C | 25. A |

Section B 乙组

1. (a) 1 050 g (b) 375 g
2. (a) $\frac{3}{5}$ (b)  (c) 0.6
3. (a) 98 000 cm³ (b) 40 cm
4. (a) 2315 (b)  (c) 0028
5. (a) 32 cm (b) 240 cm²